Table F1. Total world delivered energy consumption by end-use sector and fuel, High Oil Price case quadrillion British thermal units

Sector and fuel	2022	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	Average annual percentage change, 2022–2050
	2022	2025	2030	2033	2040	2045	2030	2022-2050
Residential	0.1		0.6	40.0	40.4	40.0	44.2	0.6%
Liquid fuels	9.4	9.2	9.6	10.0	10.4	10.8	11.2	
Natural gas	23.1	23.7	25.0	26.0	27.1	28.2	29.4	0.9%
Coal	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	-0.4% 2.0%
Electricity	25.4	26.5	29.5	32.4	35.9	39.8	43.9	0.2%
Renewables Total	1.6 63.1	1.7 64.7	1.7 69.2	1.7 73.5	1.7 78.4	1.7 83.8	1.7 89.5	1.3%
Commercial	03.1	04.7	69.2	/3.3	70.4	03.0	65.5	1.3/6
	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.0	2.0	0.4%
Liquid fuels	3.5 9.4	3.4 9.6	3.5 10.2	3.6 10.6	3.7 10.9	3.8	3.9	0.4%
Natural gas						11.2	11.6	0.8%
Coal	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4%
Electricity	18.4	19.3	21.0	22.4	24.1	25.7	27.3	0.4%
Renewables	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	
Total	32.9	33.9	36.2	38.2	40.3	42.4	44.5	1.1%
Industrial	C2 4	63.0	66.6	70.7	747	70.0	ດາາ	1.0%
Liquid fuels	62.4	63.9	66.6	70.7	74.7	78.8	82.2	1.0%
Natural gas	63.9	66.2	70.4	74.7	79.1	84.0	89.0	
Coal	62.8	62.5	62.6	62.9	63.2	64.1	65.1	0.1%
Electricity	41.5	43.1	46.0	48.7	51.0	53.4	55.5	2.1%
Renewables	24.1	26.6	30.0	33.4	36.5	39.6	42.5	1.0%
Total	254.6	262.3	275.7	290.4	304.6	320.0	334.3	1.0%
Transportation	100.7	112.0	112.6	112.2	112.7	115.4	117.0	0.3%
Liquid fuels	109.7	113.0	113.6	113.2	113.7	115.4	117.8	3.0%
Natural gas	4.2	4.9	5.5	6.3	7.2	8.3	9.7	0.0%
Coal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.2%
Electricity Total	1.9 115.8	2.2 120.1	3.0 122.1	4.2 123.6	5.4 126.3	6.7 130.4	8.0 135.4	0.6%
	113.0	120.1	122.1	123.0	120.5	130.4	133.4	0.076
Components of energy use End-use consumption								
•	184.9	189.6	193.2	197.5	202.4	208.8	215.0	0.5%
Liquid fuels Natural gas	100.6	104.4					139.6	1.2%
Coal	67.7	67.4	111.1 67.5	117.6 67.7	124.3 68.0	131.8	69.8	0.1%
Electricity	87.3	91.1	99.5	107.7	116.5	125.7	134.7	1.6%
Renewables	25.9	28.5	31.9	35.3	38.5	41.6	44.5	1.9%
Total end-use consumption	466.4	481.0	503.2	525.8	549.7	576.6	603.7	0.9%
Electricity-related losses	171.4	177.3	189.6	204.0	216.0	228.7	242.0	1.2%
Discrepancy	0.0	-0.5	-0.2	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.8	17.2%
Total	637.8	657.7	692.6	729.9	766.0	805.9	846.5	1.0%
Electric power	037.8	037.7	032.0	723.3	700.0	803.3	040.3	110/0
Liquid fuels	5.4	6.4	3.9	2.0	1.1	0.8	0.7	-7.2%
Natural gas	52.5	52.0	54.5	55.2	57.2	60.4	63.6	0.7%
Coal	98.3	94.7	95.9	101.4	102.2	101.3	101.4	0.1%
Nuclear	27.7	29.3	32.0	33.3	33.4	33.6	34.4	0.8%
Renewables	74.6	85.9	102.6	119.7	138.3	158.1	176.3	3.1%
Total	258.5	268.2	288.9	311.5	332.2	354.1	376.3	1.4%
Total energy consumption	230.3	200.2	200.5	311.3	332.2	334.1	5,0.5	21-770
Liquid fuels	190.3	195.4	196.9	199.5	203.9	210.2	216.5	0.5%
Natural gas	153.3	156.6	165.7	172.9	181.7	192.3	203.4	1.0%
Coal	166.0	162.1	163.4	169.1	170.2	170.2	171.3	0.1%
Nuclear	27.7	29.3	32.0	33.3	33.4	33.6	34.4	0.8%
Renewables	100.5	114.4	134.6	155.0	176.8	199.7	220.8	2.9%
Nerie Wabies	100.5	114.4	154.0	133.0	1,0.0	133.7	220.0	2.370

Total 637.8 657.7 692.6 729.9 766.0 805.9 846.5 1.0%

Data source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, World Energy Projection System (2023), run hp_230822.081357 and Annual Energy Outlook 2023 (March 2023), www.eia.gov/aeo

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. End-use sector electricity consumption and end-use sector delivered energy consumption do not include electrical system energy losses incurred in the generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity. Electricity-related losses include energy losses during generation due to thermal efficiency, energy losses during transmission and distribution, and parasitic load. In all regions except the United States, fuel consumed to produce district heat is allocated to the residential, commercial, and industrial end-use sectors according to their respective share of heat demand. We converted electricity generation from renewable sources such as hydroelectric, wind, or solar to British thermal units at a rate of 8,124 British thermal units per kilowatthour, which reflects the average projected conversion efficiency of the U.S. fossil-fueled generating fleet in the Annual Energy Outlook 2021 over the projection period (2022–2050).