

Table 11. PAD District 2--Daily Average Supply and Disposition of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, June 2007
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

Commodity	Supply					Disposition			
	Field Production	Refinery and Blender Net Production	Imports (PADD of Entry) ^a	Net Receipts	Adjustments ^b	Stock Change ^c	Refinery and Blender Net Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied ^d
Crude Oil	463	-	1,022	1,705	-61	-152	3,231	51	0
Cushing, Oklahoma	-	-	-	-	-	-96	-	-	-
Natural Gas Liquids and LRGs	301	194	61	-31	-	131	103	23	267
Pentanes Plus	34	0	2	36	-	5	58	8	1
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	267	194	59	-67	-	126	45	15	266
Ethane/Ethylene	121	0	0	-79	-	-18	0	0	60
Propane/Propylene	91	106	43	3	-	102	0	2	138
Normal Butane/Butylene	31	84	9	-1	-	35	2	13	74
Isobutane/Isobutylene	25	4	6	10	-	8	44	0	-6
Other Liquids	-	-	1	190	-196	-53	96	1	-47
Other Hydrocarbons/Oxygenates	-	-	0	0	155	5	149	1	0
Unfinished Oils	-	-	1	20	-	-30	98	0	-47
Motor Gasoline Blend. Comp. (MGBC)	-	-	0	170	-351	-29	-151	0	0
Reformulated	-	-	0	100	-25	-25	100	0	0
Conventional	-	-	0	71	-326	-4	-251	0	0
Aviation Gasoline Blend. Comp.	-	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
Finished Petroleum Products	-	3,450	32	1,087	394	-47	-	57	4,952
Finished Motor Gasoline	-	1,770	1	599	394	65	-	21	2,677
Reformulated	-	395	0	0	27	0	-	0	423
Conventional	-	1,375	1	599	366	65	-	21	2,254
Finished Aviation Gasoline	-	3	0	0	-	-3	-	0	6
Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel	-	179	0	121	-	-13	-	9	304
Kerosene	-	0	0	0	-	-1	-	0	1
Distillate Fuel Oil	-	913	6	345	0	-1	-	0	1,265
15 ppm sulfur and under	-	813	3	263	-8	27	-	0	1,044
Greater than 15 ppm to 500 ppm sulfur	-	82	2	59	8	2	-	0	148
Greater than 500 ppm sulfur	-	18	1	24	-	-30	-	0	73
Residual Fuel Oil ^e	-	60	7	-8	-	-2	-	1	60
Less than 0.31 percent sulfur	-	0	0	0	-	0	-	-	-
0.31 to 1.00 percent sulfur	-	4	3	0	-	0	-	-	-
Greater than 1.00 percent sulfur	-	56	4	-8	-	-2	-	-	-
Petrochemical Feedstocks	-	42	5	9	-	-2	-	-	59
Naphtha for Petro. Feed. Use	-	32	3	6	-	-2	-	-	43
Other Oils for Petro. Feed. Use	-	10	2	3	-	0	-	-	16
Special Naphthas	-	4	2	3	-	0	-	0	8
Lubricants	-	9	4	16	-	-4	-	8	25
Waxes	-	2	0	0	-	-1	-	0	2
Petroleum Coke	-	145	-	-	-	-22	-	9	159
Marketable	-	100	1	-	-	-22	-	9	115
Catalyst	-	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	45
Asphalt and Road Oil	-	167	5	0	-	-64	-	8	228
Still Gas	-	145	0	-	-	-	-	-	145
Miscellaneous Products	-	13	0	1	-	0	-	0	14
Total	764	3,644	1,116	2,952	136	-121	3,429	132	5,172

^a Represents the PAD District in which the material entered the United States and not necessarily where the crude oil or product is processed and/or consumed.

^b Includes an adjustment for crude oil, previously referred to as "Unaccounted For Crude Oil." Also included is an adjustment for motor gasoline blending components, fuel ethanol, and distillate fuel oil. See Appendix B, Note 3 for a detailed explanation of these adjustments.

^c A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase in stocks.

^d Products supplied is equal to field production, plus refinery and blender net production, plus imports, plus net receipts, plus adjustments, minus stock change, minus refinery and blender net inputs, minus exports.

^e Total residual fuel oil ending stocks and stock change include stocks held at pipelines. Residual fuel oil ending stocks and stock change by sulfur content exclude pipeline stocks. Therefore, the sum of residual fuel oil ending stocks and stock change by sulfur content may not equal total residual fuel oil ending stocks and stock change.

LRG = Liquefied Refinery Gases.

- = Not Applicable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Domestic crude oil field production are estimates.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA) Forms EIA-810, "Monthly Refinery Report," EIA-811, "Monthly Bulk Terminal Report," EIA-812, "Monthly Product Pipeline Report," EIA-813, "Monthly Crude Oil Report," EIA-814, "Monthly Imports Report," EIA-815, "Monthly Terminal Blenders Report," EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report," EIA-817, "Monthly Tanker and Barge Movement Report," and EIA-819, "Monthly Oxygenate Report." Domestic crude oil field production estimates based on historical statistics from State conservation agencies and the Minerals Management Service of the U.S. Department of the Interior. Export data from the Bureau of the Census and Form EIA-810, "Monthly Refinery Report."