

Table 9. PAD District I—Year-to-Date Daily Average Supply and Disposition of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, January-November 2004
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

Commodity	Supply					Disposition				
	Field Production	Refinery Production	Imports by PAD District of Entry ^a	Unaccounted For Crude Oil ^b	Net Receipts	Stock Change ^c	Crude Losses	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied ^d
Crude Oil	E 20	—	1,554	17	12	-5	0	1,601	6	0
Natural Gas Liquids and LRGs	18	46	43	—	101	5	—	4	3	195
Pentanes Plus	3	—	0	—	0	(s)	—	0	1	2
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	15	46	43	—	101	5	—	4	2	193
Ethane/Ethylene	1	(s)	0	—	0	0	—	0	0	1
Propane/Propylene	9	48	38	—	99	4	—	0	1	190
Normal Butane/Butylene	3	2	2	—	2	1	—	1	1	7
Isobutane/Isobutylene	2	-5	2	—	0	(s)	—	3	0	-4
Other Liquids	-23	—	495	—	17	13	—	438	4	33
Other Hydrocarbons/Oxygenates	55	—	34	—	0	1	—	85	2	0
Unfinished Oils	—	—	98	—	-2	(s)	—	69	0	27
Motor Gasoline Blend. Comp.	-78	—	363	—	19	12	—	290	2	0
Aviation Gasoline Blend. Comp.	—	—	0	—	0	(s)	—	-6	0	6
Finished Petroleum Products	80	2,085	1,113	—	2,794	-19	—	—	57	6,035
Finished Motor Gasoline	80	1,153	456	—	1,520	-1	—	—	8	3,203
Reformulated	—	751	207	—	287	-7	—	—	(s)	1,251
Oxygenated	24	0	0	—	0	(s)	—	—	(s)	24
Other	56	402	249	—	1,234	6	—	—	8	1,928
Finished Aviation Gasoline	—	0	(s)	—	3	(s)	—	—	0	3
Jet Fuel	—	104	47	—	476	-2	—	—	2	628
Naphtha-Type	—	0	0	—	0	0	—	—	0	0
Kerosene-Type	—	104	47	—	476	-2	—	—	2	628
Kerosene	—	12	2	—	(s)	-2	—	—	(s)	16
Distillate Fuel Oil	—	441	277	—	695	-17	—	—	13	1,418
0.05 percent sulfur and under	—	247	113	—	448	-12	—	—	(s)	820
Greater than 0.05 percent sulfur ...	—	194	163	—	247	-5	—	—	13	597
Residual Fuel Oil	—	112	291	—	51	2	—	—	18	434
Petrochemical Feedstocks ^e	—	14	6	—	2	(s)	—	—	0	22
Special Naphthas	—	2	5	—	(s)	(s)	—	—	(s)	7
Lubricants	—	18	3	—	24	1	—	—	4	39
Waxes	—	1	1	—	0	(s)	—	—	1	1
Petroleum Coke	—	53	12	—	0	-1	—	—	10	56
Asphalt and Road Oil	—	108	14	—	22	1	—	—	1	143
Still Gas	—	66	0	—	0	0	—	—	0	66
Miscellaneous Products	—	1	0	—	(s)	(s)	—	—	(s)	1
Total	94	2,131	3,205	17	2,924	-6	0	2,042	71	6,263

^a Represents the PAD District in which the material entered the United States and not necessarily where the crude oil or product is processed and/or consumed.

^b Unaccounted for crude oil represents the difference between the supply and disposition of crude oil.

^c A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase in stocks. Distillate stocks located in the "Northeast Heating Oil Reserve" are not included. For details see Appendix E.

^d Products supplied is equal to field production, plus refinery production, plus imports, plus unaccounted for crude oil, plus net receipts, minus stock change, minus crude losses, minus refinery inputs, minus exports.

^e Includes naphtha less than 401° F endpoint and other oils equal to or greater than 401° F endpoint.

(s) = Less than 500 barrels per day.

E = Estimated.

LRG = Liquefied Refinery Gas.

— = Not Applicable.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA) Forms EIA-810, "Monthly Refinery Report," EIA-811, "Monthly Bulk Terminal Report," EIA-812, "Monthly Product Pipeline Report," EIA-813, "Monthly Crude Oil Report," EIA-814, "Monthly Imports Report," EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report," EIA-817, "Monthly Tanker and Barge Movement Report," and EIA-819M, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report". Domestic crude oil production estimates based on historical statistics from State conservation agencies and the Minerals Management Service of the U.S. Department of the Interior. Export data from the Bureau of the Census and Form EIA-810, "Monthly Refinery Report."