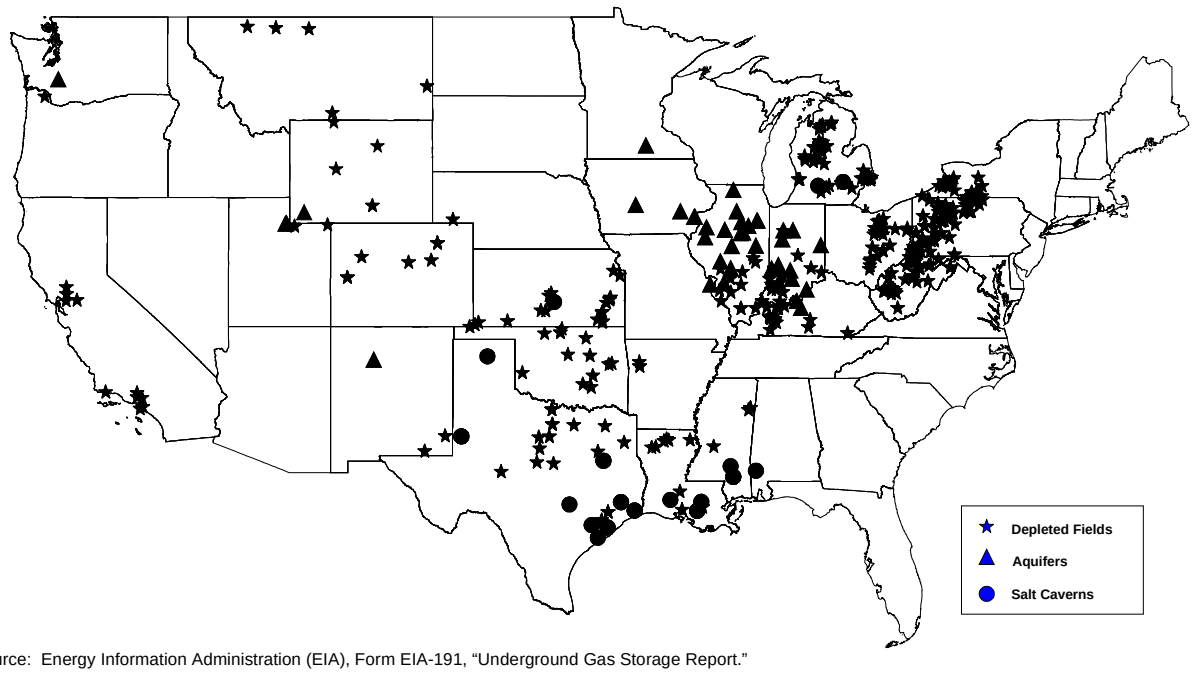
Table 12. Underground Natural Gas Storage Capacity by State, December 31, 1996
(Capacity in Billion Cubic Feet)

State	Interstate Companies		Intrastate Companies		Independent Companies		Total		
	Number of Active Fields	Capacity	Number of Active Fields	Capacity	Number of Active Fields	Capacity	Number of Active Fields	Capacity	Percent of U.S. Capacity
Alabama	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	3	0.04
Arkansas	0	0	3	32	0	0	3	32	0.40
California	0	0	10	470	0	0	10	470	5.89
Colorado	4	66	5	34	0	0	9	100	1.25
Illinois	6	259	24	639	0	0	30	898	11.26
Indiana	6	16	22	97	0	0	28	113	1.42
Iowa	4	270	0	0	0	0	4	270	3.39
Kansas	16	279	2	6	0	0	18	285	3.57
Kentucky	6	167	18	49	0	0	24	216	2.71
Louisiana	8	530	4	25	0	0	12	555	6.95
Maryland	1	62	0	0	0	0	1	62	0.78
Michigan	30	781	18	271	0	0	48	1,052	13.19
Minnesota	0	0	1	7	0	0	1	7	0.09
Mississippi	3	121	4	13	0	0	7	134	1.68
Missouri	0	0	1	31	0	0	1	31	0.39
Montana	1	287	4	88	0	0	5	375	4.70
Nebraska	1	39	0	0	0	0	1	39	0.50
New Mexico	1	69	2	28	0	0	3	97	1.21
New York	20	164	2	10	0	0	22	174	2.18
Ohio	15	374	8	184	0	0	23	557	6.99
Oklahoma	6	213	4	58	4	124	14	395	4.95
Oregon	0	0	2	12	0	0	2	12	0.15
Pennsylvania	34	616	18	42	7	22	59	680	8.52
Texas	10	240	22	430	1	3	33	673	8.43
Utah	3	122	0	0	0	0	3	122	1.53
Washington	1	37	0	0	0	0	1	37	0.47
West Virginia	26	442	0	0	10	42	36	485	6.07
Wyoming	3	76	4	30	0	0	7	106	1.33
Total	205	5,231	179	2,557	22	192	406	7,980	100.00

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report."

Figure 9. Locations of Existing Natural Gas Underground Storage Fields in the United States



Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report."