

**Table 16. Legislative Targets for Eligible Renewable Generation as a Percent of Non-Exempt Electricity Sales**

<b>Year</b>	<b>S. 517</b>	<b>Bingaman Amendment (June 2003)</b>	<b>Senate bill (August 2003)</b>
<b>2003</b>	0.5 <sup>1</sup>	0.0	0.0
<b>2004</b>	1.5 <sup>1</sup>	0.0	0.0
<b>2005</b>	2.5	0.0	1.0
<b>2006</b>	3.0	0.0	1.0
<b>2007</b>	3.5	0.0	2.2
<b>2008</b>	4.0	2.5	2.2
<b>2009</b>	4.5	2.5	3.4
<b>2010</b>	5.0	2.5	3.4
<b>2011</b>	5.5	2.5	4.6
<b>2012</b>	6.0	5.0	4.6
<b>2013</b>	6.5	5.0	5.8
<b>2014</b>	7.0	5.0	5.8
<b>2015</b>	7.5	5.0	7.0
<b>2016</b>	8.0	7.5	7.0
<b>2017</b>	8.5	7.5	8.5
<b>2018</b>	9.0	7.5	8.5
<b>2019</b>	9.5	7.5	10.0
<b>2020</b>	10.0	10.0	10.0
<b>2021</b>	0	10.0	10.0 <sup>2</sup>
<b>2022</b>	0	10.0	10.0 <sup>2</sup>
<b>2023</b>	0	10.0	10.0 <sup>2</sup>
<b>2024</b>	0	10.0	10.0 <sup>2</sup>
<b>2025</b>	0	10.0	10.0 <sup>2</sup>

1 Legislative language as analyzed by EIA left the target for 2003 and 2004 to the discretion of the Secretary of Energy, these targets are EIA assumptions as analyzed for the request.

2 Legislative language leaves targets for 2020 through 2030 to the discretion of the Secretary of Energy, but requires a 10-percent minimum.