

Appendix F

Results from Side Cases

Table F1. Key Results for Residential and Commercial Sector Technology Cases

Energy Consumption	2000	2005				2010				
		2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology	Best Available Technology	2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology	Best Available Technology	
Residential										
Energy Consumption (quadrillion Btu)										
Distillate Fuel	0.83	0.85	0.85	0.84	0.83	0.79	0.79	0.78	0.73	
Kerosene	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.07	
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0.47	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.45	0.45	0.44	0.41	
Petroleum Subtotal	1.38	1.38	1.37	1.36	1.33	1.32	1.30	1.29	1.21	
Natural Gas	5.14	5.54	5.53	5.48	5.21	5.71	5.68	5.53	4.82	
Coal	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	
Renewable Energy	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.42	0.44	0.43	0.43	0.42	
Electricity	4.07	4.63	4.62	4.59	4.44	4.95	4.92	4.84	4.45	
Delivered Energy	11.06	12.03	11.99	11.91	11.44	12.47	12.40	12.14	10.95	
Electricity Related Losses	8.79	9.74	9.72	9.66	9.34	9.89	9.85	9.69	8.90	
Total	19.85	21.77	21.71	21.57	20.78	22.37	22.24	21.83	19.85	
Delivered Energy Consumption per Household (million Btu per household) ...										
105.2	109.0	108.6	107.9	103.7	107.5	106.9	104.7	94.4		
Non-Marketed Renewables Consumption (quadrillion Btu)										
0.04	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.10	0.18		
Commercial										
Energy Consumption (quadrillion Btu)										
Distillate Fuel	0.38	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.41	0.43	0.42	0.42	0.42	
Residual Fuel	0.14	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	
Kerosene	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	
Motor Gasoline	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	
Petroleum Subtotal	0.65	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.70	0.69	0.69	0.69	
Natural Gas	3.36	3.78	3.77	3.77	3.71	4.05	4.04	4.03	3.90	
Coal	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	
Renewable Energy	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	
Electricity	3.90	4.46	4.46	4.44	4.20	5.07	5.03	4.94	4.42	
Delivered Energy	8.07	9.06	9.05	9.02	8.72	9.97	9.91	9.80	9.15	
Electricity Related Losses	8.42	9.39	9.38	9.33	8.83	10.15	10.06	9.88	8.85	
Total	16.49	18.45	18.42	18.35	17.56	20.12	19.98	19.68	18.00	
Delivered Energy Consumption per Square Foot (thousand Btu per square foot)										
125.1	126.4	126.2	125.9	121.7	128.6	127.8	126.4	118.0		
Net Summer Generation Capability (megawatts)										
Natural Gas	510	564	578	581	588	627	770	812	908	
Solar Photovoltaic	15	89	89	89	89	258	258	258	258	
Generation (billion kilowatthours)										
Natural Gas	3.63	4.01	4.11	4.13	4.19	4.46	5.48	5.79	6.46	
Solar Photovoltaic	0.04	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.54	0.54	0.54	0.54	
Non-Marketed Renewables Consumption (quadrillion Btu)										
0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	

Btu = British thermal unit.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2000 are model results and may differ slightly from official EIA data reports. Side cases were run without the fully integrated modeling system, so not all feedbacks are captured. The reference case ratio of electricity losses to electricity use was used to compute electricity losses for the technology cases.

Source: Energy Information Administration, AEO2002 National Energy Modeling System, runs BLDFRZN.D102201A, AEO2002.D102001B, BLDHIGH.D102201A, BLDBEST.D102301A

Results from Side Cases

2015				2020				Annual Growth 2000-2020			
2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology	Best Available Technology	2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology	Best Available Technology	2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology	Best Available Technology
0.77	0.75	0.73	0.67	0.75	0.73	0.70	0.63	-0.5%	-0.6%	-0.8%	-1.3%
0.07	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	-1.2%	-1.5%	-1.7%	-2.0%
0.44	0.42	0.41	0.36	0.43	0.41	0.39	0.33	-0.5%	-0.7%	-0.8%	-1.7%
1.27	1.24	1.21	1.10	1.25	1.20	1.16	1.02	-0.5%	-0.7%	-0.9%	-1.5%
5.94	5.89	5.65	4.52	6.23	6.15	5.81	4.37	1.0%	0.9%	0.6%	-0.8%
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.7%	0.6%	0.4%	0.3%
0.45	0.44	0.43	0.41	0.46	0.45	0.43	0.41	0.4%	0.2%	0.1%	-0.2%
5.37	5.30	5.15	4.56	5.78	5.70	5.50	4.81	1.8%	1.7%	1.5%	0.8%
13.09	12.92	12.48	10.64	13.77	13.55	12.96	10.66	1.1%	1.0%	0.8%	-0.2%
10.38	10.25	9.95	8.81	10.87	10.72	10.35	9.05	1.1%	1.0%	0.8%	0.1%
23.47	23.17	22.43	19.45	24.64	24.27	23.30	19.71	1.1%	1.0%	0.8%	-0.0%
107.7	106.4	102.8	87.6	108.3	106.6	101.9	83.8	0.1%	0.1%	-0.2%	-1.1%
0.06	0.07	0.14	0.25	0.07	0.08	0.19	0.32	2.5%	3.2%	7.8%	10.7%
0.43	0.42	0.41	0.41	0.43	0.42	0.41	0.41	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%
0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%
0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%
0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%
0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	-0.5%	-0.5%	-0.5%	-0.5%
0.71	0.70	0.70	0.69	0.72	0.71	0.71	0.70	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
4.32	4.33	4.33	4.17	4.58	4.64	4.68	4.52	1.6%	1.6%	1.7%	1.5%
0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%
0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
5.74	5.62	5.43	4.71	6.39	6.13	5.84	5.00	2.5%	2.3%	2.0%	1.2%
10.92	10.80	10.60	9.72	11.85	11.64	11.39	10.38	1.9%	1.9%	1.7%	1.3%
11.08	10.85	10.49	9.10	12.01	11.53	10.99	9.40	1.8%	1.6%	1.3%	0.6%
22.01	21.65	21.09	18.82	23.86	23.18	22.38	19.78	1.9%	1.7%	1.5%	0.9%
130.4	128.9	126.6	116.1	132.3	130.0	127.2	115.9	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	-0.4%
728	1464	1947	2459	853	3047	4559	5828	2.6%	9.3%	11.6%	13.0%
283	283	283	288	309	311	315	368	16.5%	16.5%	20.7%	17.5%
5.17	10.48	13.97	17.67	6.07	21.91	32.88	42.05	2.6%	9.4%	11.6%	13.0%
0.59	0.59	0.59	0.61	0.65	0.65	0.66	0.78	16.7%	16.7%	16.8%	17.8%
0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	1.4%	1.2%	1.0%	1.1%

Results from Side Cases

Table F2. Key Results for Industrial Sector Technology Cases

Consumption	2000	2010			2015			2020		
		2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology	2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology	2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology
Energy Consumption (quadrillion Btu)										
Distillate Fuel	1.11	1.24	1.22	1.21	1.33	1.29	1.28	1.43	1.38	1.35
Liquefied Petroleum Gas ..	2.36	2.70	2.66	2.64	2.90	2.85	2.82	3.07	3.00	2.96
Petrochemical Feedstocks ..	1.32	1.47	1.45	1.45	1.57	1.54	1.53	1.62	1.59	1.57
Residual Fuel	0.27	0.25	0.23	0.22	0.28	0.26	0.23	0.31	0.27	0.25
Motor Gasoline	0.22	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.28	0.27	0.27
Other Petroleum	3.96	4.82	4.77	4.75	5.07	4.99	4.96	5.28	5.17	5.12
Petroleum Subtotal	9.23	10.72	10.57	10.51	11.42	11.19	11.07	11.99	11.69	11.52
Natural Gas	9.79	11.51	11.19	10.99	12.25	11.77	11.47	12.78	12.19	11.76
Metallurgical Coal ¹	0.84	0.81	0.75	0.66	0.81	0.72	0.59	0.80	0.70	0.53
Steam Coal	1.69	1.86	1.74	1.69	1.97	1.79	1.73	2.08	1.85	1.75
Coal Subtotal	2.53	2.67	2.50	2.35	2.78	2.51	2.32	2.89	2.55	2.28
Renewable Energy	2.41	2.85	2.89	3.09	3.11	3.18	3.54	3.32	3.43	3.96
Electricity	3.65	4.34	4.20	4.02	4.76	4.53	4.25	5.14	4.83	4.43
Delivered Energy	27.62	32.09	31.35	30.97	34.32	33.19	32.64	36.11	34.69	33.96
Electricity Related Losses ..	7.89	8.69	8.39	8.05	9.21	8.76	8.21	9.66	9.08	8.33
Total	35.50	40.78	39.74	39.02	43.52	41.96	40.86	45.78	43.76	42.29
Delivered Energy Use per Dollar of Output (thousand Btu per 1992 dollar)										
	5.46	4.87	4.76	4.70	4.55	4.41	4.33	4.28	4.11	4.02
Onsite Industrial Cogeneration										
Capacity (gigawatts)	21.40	27.21	27.84	31.42	30.39	31.28	36.87	33.61	34.69	42.23
Generation (billion kilowatthours)	116.30	157.80	161.49	186.39	180.61	185.60	224.22	203.92	209.76	261.36

¹Includes net coal coke imports.

Btu = British thermal unit.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2000 are model results and may differ slightly from official EIA data reports. Side cases were run without the fully integrated modeling system, so not all potential feedbacks were captured. The reference case ratio of electricity losses to electricity use was used to compute electricity losses for the technology cases.

Source: Energy Information Administration, AEO2002 National Energy Modeling System runs INDFRZN.D102201A, AEO2002.D102001B, INDHIGH.D102501A.

Results from Side Cases

Table F3. Key Results for Transportation Sector Technology Cases

Consumption and Indicators	2000	2010			2015			2020		
		2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology	2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology	2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology
Energy Consumption (quadrillion Btu)										
Distillate Fuel	5.42	7.38	7.27	7.15	8.43	8.09	7.82	9.43	8.72	8.29
Jet Fuel	3.58	4.50	4.46	4.41	5.24	5.12	4.94	6.07	5.82	5.44
Motor Gasoline	16.05	19.68	19.32	18.32	21.66	20.86	19.03	23.47	22.12	19.52
Residual Fuel	1.14	1.08	1.08	1.07	1.10	1.09	1.08	1.11	1.10	1.09
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.04
Other Petroleum	0.22	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.29	0.29	0.29
Petroleum Subtotal	26.42	32.94	32.43	31.25	36.75	35.48	33.20	40.43	38.11	34.68
Pipeline Fuel Natural Gas	0.79	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.02	1.02	1.02
Compressed Natural Gas	0.02	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.13	0.12	0.12	0.16	0.14	0.14
Renewables (E85)	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.04
Liquid Hydrogen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Electricity	0.06	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.12
Delivered Energy	27.32	34.01	33.50	32.32	37.97	36.69	34.40	41.77	39.43	35.99
Electricity Related Losses	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.18	0.19	0.20	0.21	0.22
Total	27.45	34.17	33.66	32.49	38.14	36.87	34.59	41.98	39.64	36.21
Energy Efficiency Indicators										
New Light-Duty Vehicle (miles per gallon) ¹ ..	24.5	24.6	25.7	29.3	24.6	26.6	31.2	24.6	27.2	32.8
New Car (miles per gallon) ¹	28.6	28.9	30.2	32.7	29.0	31.0	35.2	29.0	31.7	37.2
New Light Truck (miles per gallon) ¹	21.1	21.2	22.3	26.5	21.3	23.3	28.0	21.4	23.8	29.3
Light-Duty Fleet (miles per gallon) ²	19.8	19.7	20.1	21.2	19.7	20.5	22.6	19.7	21.0	24.0
New Commercial Light Truck (MPG) ³	14.2	14.1	14.9	17.7	14.1	15.5	18.8	14.1	15.9	19.7
Stock Commercial Light Truck (MPG) ³	13.6	14.1	14.4	15.8	14.1	14.9	17.2	14.1	15.4	18.4
Aircraft Efficiency (seat miles per gallon)	52.1	55.3	55.9	56.6	56.6	58.1	60.4	57.5	60.3	65.1
Freight Truck Efficiency (miles per gallon)	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.0	6.3	6.6
Rail Efficiency (ton miles per thousand Btu)	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.3	2.9	3.3	3.5	2.9	3.4	3.8
Domestic Shipping Efficiency (ton miles per thousand Btu)	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.5
Light-Duty Vehicles Less Than 8500 Pounds (vehicle miles traveled)										
2340	2979	2981	2988	3313	3318	3331	3622	3631	3648	

¹Environmental Protection Agency rated miles per gallon.

²Combined car and light truck "on-the-road" estimate.

³Commercial trucks 8,500 to 10,000 pounds.

Btu = British thermal unit.

MPG = Miles per gallon.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2000 are model results and may differ slightly from official EIA data reports. Side cases were run without the fully integrated modeling system, so not all potential feedbacks were captured. The reference case ratio of electricity losses to electricity use was used to compute electricity losses for the technology cases.

Source: Energy Information Administration, AEO2002 National Energy Modeling System runs FROZEN.D102401C, AEO2002.D102001B, HIGHTECH.D102401A

Results from Side Cases

Table F4. Key Results for Integrated Technology Cases

Consumption and Emissions	2000	2010			2015			2020		
		2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology	2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology	2002 Technology	Reference Case	High Technology
Consumption by Sector (quadrillion Btu)										
Residential	19.8	22.3	22.2	21.9	23.5	23.2	22.6	24.7	24.3	23.3
Commercial	16.5	20.1	20.0	19.8	22.0	21.6	21.2	24.0	23.2	22.3
Industrial	35.5	40.8	39.7	38.8	43.7	42.0	40.5	46.1	43.8	41.6
Transportation	27.4	34.2	33.7	32.5	38.2	36.9	34.6	42.1	39.6	36.3
Total	99.3	117.4	115.6	113.0	127.4	123.6	118.9	136.9	130.9	123.5
Consumption by Fuel (quadrillion Btu)										
Petroleum Products	38.6	46.0	45.2	43.8	50.6	48.9	46.3	55.0	52.0	48.1
Natural Gas	23.4	29.4	28.9	27.9	32.8	32.1	29.9	34.6	34.6	31.6
Coal	22.3	25.8	25.4	24.9	27.5	26.2	25.9	30.4	27.4	26.5
Nuclear Power	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.6	7.6	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.1
Renewable Energy	6.5	7.9	7.9	8.2	8.4	8.5	9.2	9.0	8.9	9.9
Other	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.3
Total	99.3	117.4	115.6	113.0	127.4	123.6	118.9	136.9	130.9	123.5
Energy Intensity (thousand Btu per 1996 dollar of GDP) ..										
	10.8	9.5	9.4	9.2	8.8	8.6	8.3	8.3	7.9	7.5
Carbon Dioxide Emissions by Sector (million metric tons carbon equivalent)										
Residential	305.9	347.3	346.0	339.8	369.4	361.4	352.7	396.7	381.1	365.5
Commercial	260.9	319.2	317.1	312.5	354.6	344.8	338.2	394.7	371.7	357.6
Industrial	478.1	551.6	532.1	512.8	591.6	558.9	529.8	630.2	582.3	538.0
Transportation	516.9	649.7	639.4	617.2	726.0	700.2	657.4	799.2	752.7	688.5
Total	1,561.7	1,867.8	1,834.7	1,782.3	2,041.6	1,965.4	1,878.1	2,220.8	2,087.8	1,949.6
Carbon Dioxide Emissions by End-Use Fuel (million metric tons carbon equivalent)										
Petroleum	637.9	780.0	767.2	742.0	860.9	830.3	784.0	938.2	885.0	814.8
Natural Gas	270.0	316.2	312.2	307.8	334.7	329.3	321.0	351.0	344.5	334.6
Coal	68.2	71.2	66.4	62.5	74.1	66.9	61.5	76.8	67.9	60.3
Other	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Electricity	585.6	700.4	688.8	669.9	771.8	738.7	711.5	854.6	790.2	739.9
Total	1,561.7	1,867.8	1,834.7	1,782.3	2,041.6	1,965.4	1,878.1	2,220.8	2,087.8	1,949.6
Carbon Dioxide Emissions by Electric Generators (million metric tons carbon equivalent)										
Petroleum	19.9	5.2	4.3	3.2	7.0	5.1	3.4	7.8	5.9	2.9
Natural Gas	61.1	105.1	100.6	90.7	135.3	130.7	106.4	144.1	151.1	117.2
Coal	504.6	590.1	583.9	576.0	629.5	602.9	601.7	702.7	633.2	619.8
Total	585.6	700.4	688.8	669.9	771.8	738.7	711.5	854.6	790.2	739.9
Carbon Dioxide Emissions by Primary Fuel (million metric tons carbon equivalent)										
Petroleum	657.8	785.2	771.5	745.1	867.8	835.4	787.5	946.0	890.9	817.6
Natural Gas	331.2	421.3	412.8	398.6	470.1	460.0	427.4	495.1	495.6	451.8
Coal	572.8	661.2	650.3	638.5	703.6	669.8	663.2	779.5	701.2	680.1
Other	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total	1,561.7	1,867.8	1,834.7	1,782.3	2,041.6	1,965.4	1,878.1	2,220.8	2,087.8	1,949.6

Btu = British thermal unit.

GDP = Gross domestic product.

Note: Includes end-use, fossil electricity, and renewable technology assumptions. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2000 are model results and may differ slightly from official EIA data reports.

Source: Energy Information Administration, AEO2002 National Energy Modeling System runs LTRKITEN.D102501A, AEO2002.D102001B, HTRKITEN.D102501A.

Results from Side Cases

Table F5. Key Results for Nuclear Generation Cases
(Gigawatts, Unless Otherwise Noted)

Net Summer Capability, Generation, Emissions, and Fuel Prices	2000	Projections							
		2010				2020			
		Reference	Low Nuclear	High Nuclear	Advanced Nuclear Cost	Reference	Low Nuclear	High Nuclear	Advanced Nuclear Cost
Capability									
Coal Steam	304.6	305.7	306.0	305.8	305.9	329.0	331.9	330.2	329.1
Other Fossil Steam	135.0	115.6	115.7	115.8	115.5	113.3	113.4	113.5	113.2
Combined Cycle	30.6	139.9	141.7	140.4	139.6	213.8	219.6	209.8	215.6
Combustion Turbine/Diesel	77.7	128.9	130.4	129.0	129.1	177.9	177.8	176.3	176.8
Nuclear Power	97.5	94.3	94.3	96.3	94.3	88.0	81.3	92.4	89.0
Pumped Storage	19.2	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6
Fuel Cells	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Renewable Sources	89.1	97.2	97.2	97.3	97.2	101.2	101.4	101.2	101.2
Distributed Generation	0.0	5.1	5.1	4.9	5.0	19.0	18.3	18.6	18.7
Cogenerators/Other Generators ¹	55.7	65.2	65.2	65.2	65.2	75.6	75.6	75.6	75.6
Total	809.3	971.6	975.5	974.4	971.7	1137.8	1139.0	1137.4	1139.0
Cumulative Additions									
Coal Steam	0.0	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.4	31.2	34.2	32.5	31.4
Other Fossil Steam	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Combined Cycle	0.0	108.5	110.4	109.0	108.3	182.5	188.2	178.4	184.2
Combustion Turbine/Diesel	0.0	57.2	58.9	57.3	57.5	109.6	109.8	108.1	109.1
Nuclear Power	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9
Pumped Storage	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Fuel Cells	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Renewable Sources	0.0	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.5	11.6	11.7	11.5	11.5
Distributed Generation	0.0	5.1	5.1	4.9	5.0	19.0	18.3	18.6	18.7
Cogenerators/Other Generators ¹	0.0	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	19.9	19.9	19.9	19.9
Total	0.0	194.5	198.4	195.1	194.7	374.4	382.7	369.7	376.3
Cumulative Retirements	0.0	33.1	33.1	30.9	33.2	46.9	53.9	42.5	47.6
Generation by Fuel (billion kilowatthours)									
Coal	1922	2215	2214	2208	2212	2423	2446	2427	2422
Petroleum	93	28	26	28	28	38	38	38	37
Natural Gas	417	893	896	886	895	1414	1437	1377	1408
Nuclear Power	752	737	737	752	737	702	655	734	709
Pumped Power	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Renewable Sources	321	391	391	391	391	407	407	409	409
Distributed Generation	0	2	2	2	2	8	8	8	8
Cogenerators/Other Generators ¹	311	379	379	379	379	452	452	452	452
Total	3815	4644	4645	4645	4644	5444	5442	5445	5444
Carbon Dioxide Emissions by Electric Generators (million metric tons carbon equivalent)²									
Petroleum	19.9	4.3	3.9	4.1	4.1	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.6
Natural Gas	61.1	100.6	100.7	99.5	100.9	151.1	152.7	147.5	149.9
Coal	504.6	583.9	582.7	581.0	582.2	633.2	637.6	633.5	632.7
Total	585.6	688.8	687.2	684.5	687.3	790.2	796.2	786.8	788.2
Prices to Electric Generators (2000 dollars per million Btu)									
Petroleum	4.33	3.97	3.99	3.99	4.00	4.27	4.29	4.27	4.25
Natural Gas	4.41	3.38	3.38	3.37	3.39	3.87	3.90	3.81	3.85
Coal	1.20	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.06	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97

¹ Includes small on-site generating systems in the residential, commercial, and industrial sectors used primarily for own-use generation, but which may also sell some power to the grid. Excludes off-grid photovoltaics and other generators not connected to the distribution or transmission systems.

² Excludes cogenerators and other generators.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2000 are model results and may differ slightly from official EIA data reports. Net summer capability has been estimated for nonutility generators to be consistent with electric utility capability estimates. Side cases were run without the fully integrated modeling system, so not all potential feedbacks were captured.

Source: Energy Information Administration, AEO2002 National Energy Modeling System runs AEO2002.D102001B, LNUC02.D102201A, HNUC02.D102201A, ADVNUC02.D102301B.

Results from Side Cases

Table F6. Key Results for Electricity Demand Case

Net Summer Capability, Generation, Consumption, Emissions, and Prices	2000	2005		2010		2020		Annual Growth 2000-2020	
		Reference	High Demand	Reference	High Demand	Reference	High Demand	Reference	High Demand
Electricity Sales (billion kilowatthours) ..	3426	3793	3938	4170	4468	4916	5642	1.8%	2.5%
Electricity Prices (2000 cents per kilowatthour)	6.9	6.4	6.7	6.3	6.5	6.5	6.6	-0.3%	-0.2%
Capability (gigawatts)									
Coal Steam	304.6	303.7	303.7	305.7	314.1	329.0	413.2	0.4%	1.5%
Other Fossil Steam	135.0	127.4	127.4	115.6	119.3	113.3	115.4	-0.9%	-0.8%
Combined Cycle	30.6	59.6	64.5	139.9	167.7	213.8	247.6	10.2%	11.0%
Combustion Turbine/Diesel	77.7	104.9	113.8	128.9	150.9	177.9	200.5	4.2%	4.9%
Nuclear Power	97.5	97.7	97.7	94.3	96.3	88.0	92.4	-0.5%	-0.3%
Fuel Cells	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	35.2%	35.2%
Renewable Sources/Pumped Storage	108.3	114.8	114.8	116.8	117.0	120.9	122.4	0.5%	0.6%
Distributed Generation	0.0	0.9	1.3	5.1	6.9	19.0	25.3	N/A	N/A
Cogenerators/Other Generators ¹	55.7	61.1	61.1	65.2	65.4	75.6	75.6	1.5%	1.5%
Total	809.3	870.2	884.4	971.6	1037.9	1137.8	1292.6	1.7%	2.4%
Cumulative Additions (gigawatts)									
Coal Steam	0.0	1.0	1.0	6.2	14.0	31.2	115.5	N/A	N/A
Other Fossil Steam	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A
Combined Cycle	0.0	28.3	33.1	108.5	136.4	182.5	216.2	N/A	N/A
Combustion Turbine/Diesel	0.0	31.8	40.8	57.2	79.4	109.6	130.7	N/A	N/A
Nuclear Power	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A
Fuel Cells	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	N/A	N/A
Renewable Sources/Pumped Storage	0.0	6.0	6.0	7.9	8.1	11.9	13.4	N/A	N/A
Distributed Generation	0.0	0.9	1.3	5.1	6.9	19.0	25.3	N/A	N/A
Cogenerators/Other Generators ¹	0.0	5.4	5.4	9.5	9.7	19.9	19.9	N/A	N/A
Total	0.0	73.4	87.6	194.5	254.7	374.4	521.2	N/A	N/A
Generation by Fuel (billion kilowatthours)									
Coal	1922	2086	2111	2215	2297	2423	3042	1.2%	2.3%
Petroleum	93	39	55	28	43	38	44	-4.4%	-3.8%
Natural Gas	417	607	711	893	1088	1414	1515	6.3%	6.5%
Nuclear Power	752	759	759	737	752	702	734	-0.3%	-0.1%
Renewable Sources/Pumped Storage	320	374	372	390	391	406	413	1.2%	1.3%
Distributed Generation	0	0	1	2	3	8	11	N/A	N/A
Cogenerators/Other	311	352	353	379	379	452	451	1.9%	1.9%
Total	3815	4218	4362	4644	4953	5444	6210	1.8%	2.4%
Fossil Fuel Consumption by Electric Generators (quadrillion Btu)²									
Petroleum	0.93	0.32	0.48	0.21	0.36	0.28	0.33	-5.9%	-5.3%
Natural Gas	4.32	5.58	6.56	6.98	8.34	10.49	11.10	4.5%	4.6%
Coal	19.69	21.44	21.77	22.80	23.59	24.67	29.39	1.1%	2.0%
Carbon Dioxide Emissions by Electric Generators (million metric tons carbon equivalent)²									
Petroleum	19.9	6.8	10.2	4.3	7.5	5.9	6.9	-5.9%	-5.3%
Natural Gas	61.1	80.4	94.5	100.6	120.1	151.1	159.8	4.6%	4.8%
Coal	504.6	548.5	556.6	583.9	604.1	633.2	754.3	1.1%	2.0%
Total	585.6	635.7	661.2	688.8	731.7	790.2	920.9	1.5%	2.3%
Prices to Electric Generators (2000 dollars per million Btu)									
Petroleum	4.33	3.80	3.78	3.97	3.89	4.27	4.25	-0.1%	-0.1%
Natural Gas	4.41	3.19	3.48	3.38	3.89	3.87	4.10	-0.6%	-0.4%
Coal	1.20	1.13	1.13	1.05	1.06	0.97	0.99	-1.1%	-1.0%

¹ Includes small on-site generating systems in the residential, commercial, and industrial sectors used primarily for own-use generation, but which may also sell some power to the grid. Excludes off-grid photovoltaics and other generators not connected to the distribution or transmission systems.

² Excludes cogenerators and other generators

Btu = British thermal unit.

N/A = not applicable.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2000 are model results and may differ slightly from official EIA data reports. Other includes non-coal fossil steam, pumped storage, methane, propane and blast furnace gas. Side case was run without the fully integrated modeling system, so not all potential feedbacks were captured.

Source: Energy Information Administration, AEO2002 National Energy Modeling System runs AEO2002.D102001B, HDEM02.D102201A.

Results from Side Cases

Table F8. Key Results for High Renewable Energy Case

Capacity, Generation, and Emissions	2000	2010		2020		
		Reference	High Renewables	Reference	High Renewables	
Renewable Capability (gigawatts)						
Net Summer Capability						
Electric Generators¹						
Conventional Hydropower	79.29	79.90	79.90	79.90	79.90	
Geothermal ²	2.85	3.57	4.03	5.32	7.99	
Municipal Solid Waste ³	2.84	3.88	3.88	4.30	4.30	
Wood and Other Biomass ⁴	1.39	1.73	1.73	1.97	2.09	
Solar Thermal	0.33	0.36	0.36	0.41	0.41	
Solar Photovoltaic ⁵	0.01	0.11	0.11	0.27	0.27	
Wind	2.42	7.65	8.72	9.06	25.27	
Total	89.13	97.19	98.72	101.22	120.23	
Cogenerators⁶						
Municipal Solid Waste	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	
Wood and Other Biomass	5.26	6.64	7.27	8.43	10.21	
Total	5.77	7.15	7.78	8.94	10.72	
Other End-Use Generators⁷						
Conventional Hydropower	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	
Geothermal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Solar Photovoltaic ⁵	0.02	0.39	0.39	0.46	1.01	
Total	0.99	1.36	1.36	1.44	1.99	
Generation (billion kilowatthours)						
Electric Generators						
Coal	1922	2215	2213	2423	2395	
Petroleum	93	28	27	38	35	
Natural Gas	417	893	887	1414	1354	
Total Fossil	2432	3136	3126	3876	3784	
Conventional Hydropower	272.33	301.14	301.14	300.00	300.00	
Geothermal	13.52	20.20	24.01	34.71	56.52	
Municipal Solid Waste ³	20.15	27.78	27.78	30.98	30.98	
Wood and Other Biomass ⁴	8.37	20.86	21.15	15.32	16.06	
Dedicated Plants	7.46	9.72	9.72	11.25	12.09	
Cofiring	0.91	11.14	11.43	4.07	3.97	
Solar Thermal	0.87	0.96	0.96	1.12	1.12	
Solar Photovoltaic	0.01	0.26	0.26	0.68	0.68	
Wind	5.30	19.45	23.44	24.07	87.06	
Total Renewable	320.54	390.65	398.74	406.87	492.40	
Cogenerators⁶						
Total Fossil	264	319	319	378	377	
Municipal Solid Waste	3.29	3.29	3.29	3.29	3.29	
Wood and Other Biomass	29.63	38.04	41.85	48.99	59.92	
Total Renewables	32.93	41.34	45.14	52.28	63.22	
Other End-Use Generators⁷						
Conventional Hydropower ⁸	3.98	4.32	4.32	4.31	4.31	
Geothermal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Solar Photovoltaic	0.04	0.81	0.81	0.98	2.13	
Total	4.02	5.14	5.14	5.29	6.44	
Sources of Ethanol						
From Corn	0.14	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.11	
From Cellulose	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.17	
Total	0.14	0.24	0.24	0.28	0.28	
Carbon Dioxide Emissions by Electric Generators (million metric tons carbon equivalent)⁹						
Petroleum	19.9	4.3	4.0	5.9	5.2	
Natural Gas	61.1	100.6	99.9	151.1	144.5	
Coal	504.6	583.9	582.3	633.2	625.7	
Total	585.6	688.8	686.1	790.2	775.5	

¹Includes grid-connected utilities and nonutilities other than cogenerators. These nonutility facilities include small power producers and exempt wholesale generators.

²Includes hydrothermal resources only (hot water and steam).

³Includes landfill gas.

⁴Includes projections for energy crops after 2010.

⁵Does not include off-grid photovoltaics (PV). EIA estimates that another 76 megawatts of remote electricity generation PV applications were in service in 1999, plus an additional 205 megawatts in communications, transportation, and assorted other non-grid-connected applications.

⁶Cogenerators produce electricity and other useful thermal energy.

⁷Includes small on-site generating systems in the residential, commercial, and industrial sectors used primarily for own-use generation, but which may also sell some power to the grid.

⁸Represents own-use industrial hydroelectric power.

⁹Excludes cogenerators and other generators.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2000 are model results and may differ slightly from official EIA data reports.

Source: Energy Information Administration, AEO2002 National Energy Modeling System runs AEO2002.D102001B, HIRENEW02.D102301A.

Results from Side Cases

Table F11. Crude Oil Supply and Disposition, Oil and Gas Technological Progress Cases
 (Million Barrels per Day, Unless Otherwise Noted)

Supply, Disposition, and Prices	2000	Projections							
		2010		2015		2020			
		Slow Technology Progress	Reference	Rapid Technology Progress	Slow Technology Progress	Reference	Rapid Technology Progress	Slow Technology Progress	Reference
World Oil Price									
(2000 dollars per barrel)	27.72	23.36	23.36	23.36	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.68	24.68
Production¹									
U.S. Total	5.82	4.75	5.08	5.34	5.08	5.56	5.91	5.33	5.63
Lower 48 Onshore	3.25	2.49	2.64	2.73	2.41	2.64	2.83	2.41	2.70
Conventional	2.60	1.87	1.91	1.95	1.74	1.82	1.91	1.75	1.87
Enhanced Oil Recovery	0.65	0.63	0.73	0.78	0.67	0.82	0.92	0.66	0.83
Lower 48 Offshore	1.61	1.59	1.74	1.87	1.82	2.01	2.13	1.86	1.83
Alaska	0.97	0.67	0.70	0.74	0.86	0.90	0.95	1.06	1.10
Net Crude Imports	9.02	11.53	11.18	10.94	11.53	11.01	10.66	11.65	11.20
Other Crude Supply	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total Crude Supply	15.07	16.29	16.26	16.28	16.61	16.57	16.57	16.98	16.83
Natural Gas Plant Liquids	1.91	2.32	2.38	2.41	2.49	2.64	2.69	2.58	2.84
Other Inputs ²	0.35	0.39	0.42	0.42	0.25	0.51	0.52	0.24	0.47
Refinery Processing Gain ³	0.95	1.01	1.00	1.00	1.03	1.01	1.01	1.04	1.02
Net Product Imports ⁴	1.40	3.18	3.09	3.02	4.82	4.29	4.22	6.06	5.44
Total Primary Supply ⁵	19.68	23.18	23.15	23.13	25.20	25.01	25.00	26.91	26.61
Refined Petroleum Products Supplied									
Residential and Commercial	1.12	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.07	1.06	1.06	1.05	1.04
Industrial ⁶	4.96	5.69	5.66	5.65	6.16	6.00	6.00	6.47	6.27
Transportation	13.26	16.35	16.37	16.38	17.89	17.90	17.92	19.20	19.22
Electric Generators ⁷	0.41	0.11	0.09	0.07	0.16	0.11	0.08	0.24	0.12
Total	19.74	23.25	23.21	23.19	25.26	25.07	25.06	26.96	26.66
Discrepancy ⁸	-0.07	-0.06	-0.06	-0.06	-0.06	-0.06	-0.06	-0.05	-0.05
Lower 48 End of Year Reserves									
(billion barrels) ¹	18.29	13.39	14.23	14.66	13.50	14.63	15.31	13.24	14.45
									15.25

¹Includes lease condensate.

²Includes alcohols, ethers, petroleum product stock withdrawals, domestic sources of blending components, other hydrocarbons, and natural gas converted to liquid fuel.

³Represents volumetric gain in refinery distillation and cracking processes.

⁴Includes net imports of finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, other hydrocarbons, alcohols, ethers, and blending components.

⁵Total crude supply plus natural gas plant liquids, other inputs, refinery processing gain, and net petroleum imports.

⁶Includes consumption by cogenerators.

⁷Includes all electric power generators except cogenerators, which produce electricity and other useful thermal energy. Includes small power producers and exempt wholesale generators.

⁸Balancing item. Includes unaccounted for supply, losses and gains.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2000 are model results and may differ slightly from official EIA data reports.

Sources: 2000 product supplied data from Table A2. Other 2000 data: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Annual 2000*, DOE/EIA-0340(2000/1) (Washington, DC, June 2001). Projections: EIA, AEO2002 National Energy Modeling System runs OGLTEC02.D102501A, AEO2002.D102001B, OGHTEC02.D102501A.

Results from Side Cases

Table F12. Key Results for Federal MTBE Ban Case

Supply, Disposition, and Prices	2000	Projections									
		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010	
		Reference	MTBE Ban	Reference	MTBE Ban	Reference	MTBE Ban	Reference	MTBE Ban	Reference	MTBE Ban
MTBE Blended with Gasoline (thousand barrels per day)	247	123	0	128	0	118	0	120	0	125	0
Ethanol Blended with Gasoline (thousand barrels per day)	106	178	257	180	260	181	265	183	271	187	276
Gasoline Consumption (million barrels per day)	8.50	9.59	9.53	9.75	9.68	9.94	9.87	10.13	10.06	10.32	10.24
Gasoline Prices (2000 cents per gallon)											
National Average	153	139	142	139	142	139	143	140	143	140	143
Reformulated National Average	161	145	154	145	154	146	156	147	157	146	155
World Oil Price (2000 dollars per barrel)	27.72	22.85	22.85	22.99	22.99	23.11	23.11	23.24	23.24	23.36	23.36

MTBE = Methyl tertiary butyl ether.

RFG = Reformulated gasoline.

Note: The oxygen requirement on RFG is assumed to continue. Side case was run without the fully integrated modeling system, so not all potential feedbacks were captured. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, AEO2002 National Energy Modeling System runs AEO2002.D102001B, MTBEB02.D102201A.

Table F13. Key Results for Coal Mining Cost Cases

Prices, Productivity, Wages, and Emissions	2000	2005			2010			2020		
		Low Cost	Reference Case	High Cost	Low Cost	Reference Case	High Cost	Low Cost	Reference Case	High Cost
Minemouth Price (2000 dollars per short ton)	16.45	14.23	14.99	15.53	12.71	14.11	15.16	10.76	12.79	15.74
Delivered Price to Electric Generators (2000 dollars per million Btu)	1.20	1.09	1.13	1.16	1.00	1.05	1.12	0.85	0.97	1.11
Labor Productivity (short tons per miner per hour)	6.99	9.12	8.40	7.84	10.97	9.31	8.17	14.56	10.76	7.85
Labor Productivity (average annual growth from 2000)	N/A	5.5	3.7	2.3	4.6	2.9	1.6	3.7	2.2	0.6
Average Coal Miner Wage (2000 dollars per hour)	19.09	18.62	19.09	19.57	18.16	19.09	20.07	17.27	19.09	21.09
Average Coal Miner Wage (average annual growth from 2000)	N/A	-0.5	0.0	0.5	-0.5	0.0	0.5	-0.5	0.0	0.5
Carbon Dioxide Emissions by Electric Generators (million metric tons carbon equivalent) ¹										
Petroleum	19.9	6.8	6.8	6.9	4.0	4.3	4.3	5.5	5.9	6.6
Natural Gas	61.1	80.3	80.4	80.5	100.4	100.6	101.5	145.5	151.1	154.4
Coal	504.6	548.8	548.5	548.5	583.2	583.9	580.7	645.3	633.2	623.0
Total	585.6	635.9	635.7	635.9	687.7	688.8	686.5	796.3	790.2	784.0

¹ Excludes cogenerators and other generators.

Btu = British thermal unit.

N/A = Not applicable.

Note: Side cases were run without the fully integrated modeling system, so not all potential feedbacks are captured. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2000 are model results and may differ slightly from official EIA data reports.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, AEO2002 National Energy Modeling System runs LMCST02.D102201A, AEO2002.D102001B, HMCST02.D102201A.