

# ***LONG-TERM OUTLOOK FOR U.S. ENERGY MARKETS***

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Energy Information Administration**

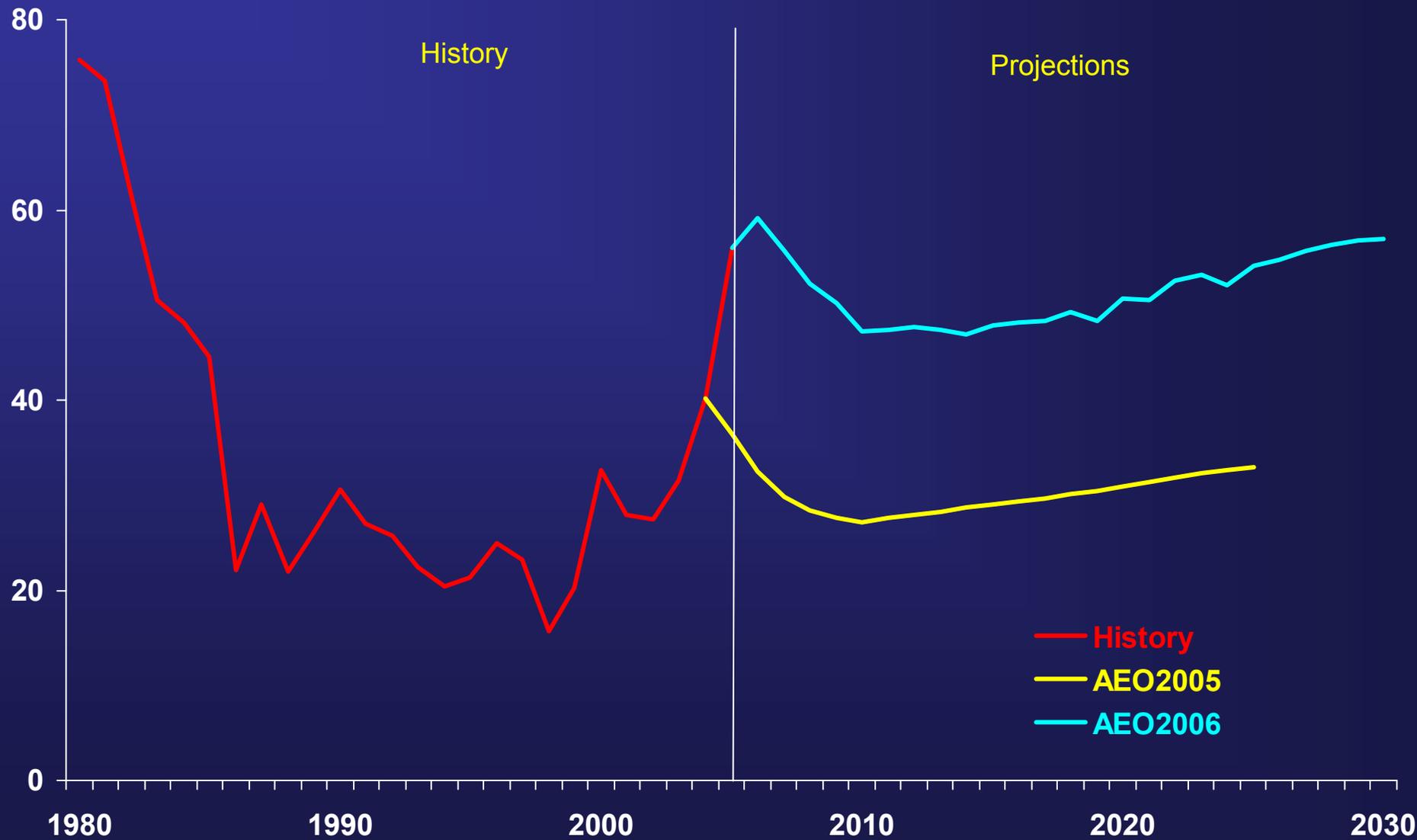
**National Council for Science and the Environment  
6<sup>th</sup> National Conference on Science, Policy and the Environment  
January 27, 2006  
Washington, DC**



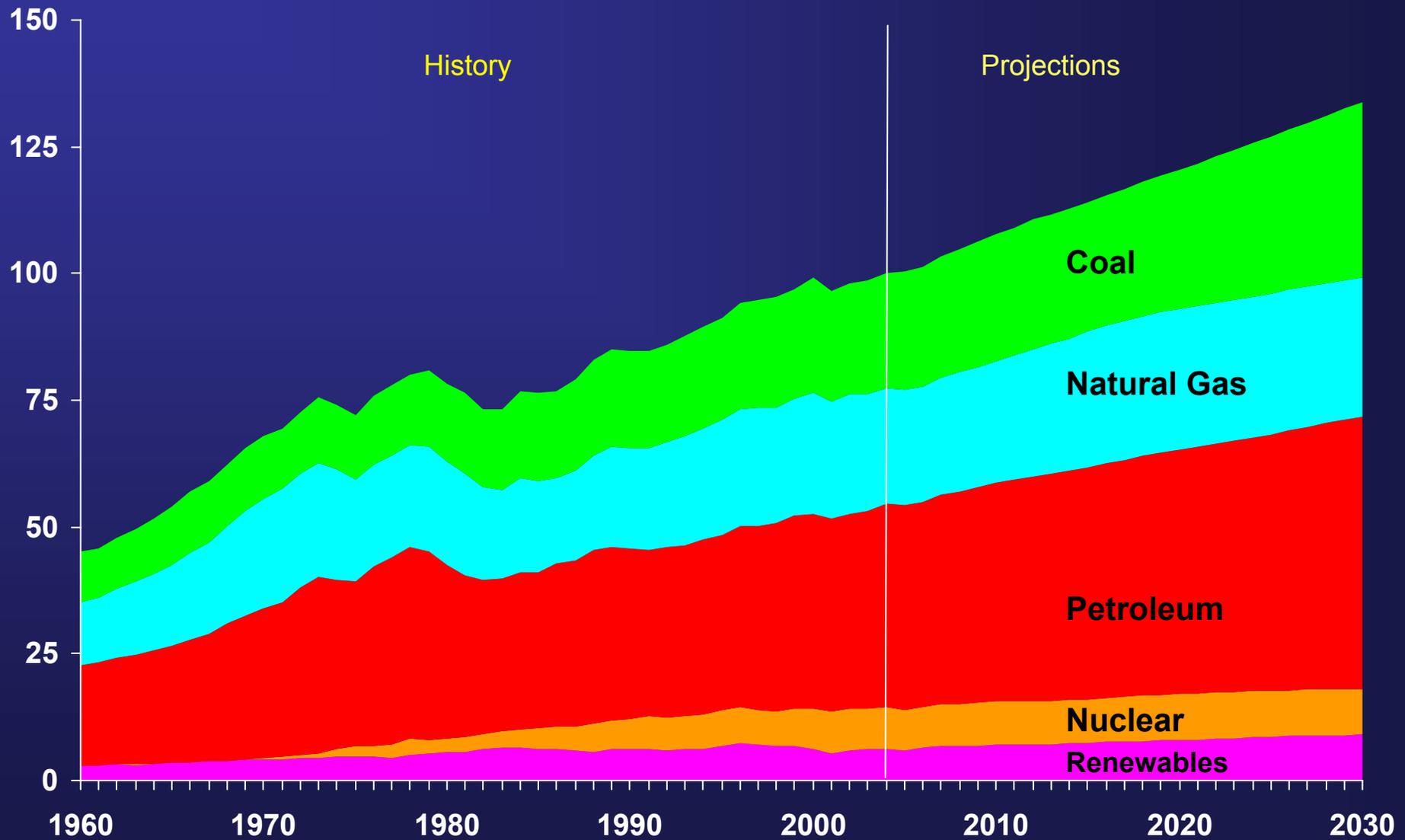
# EIA Has Reassessed Its Long-Term Oil Price Projection

- Major oil-producing countries pace investment more consistent with higher oil price path
- Investment impediments more persistent, even after several years of relatively high oil prices
- Cost of doing business increasing
- Not due to “Peak Oil” considerations, although we are following this issue closely

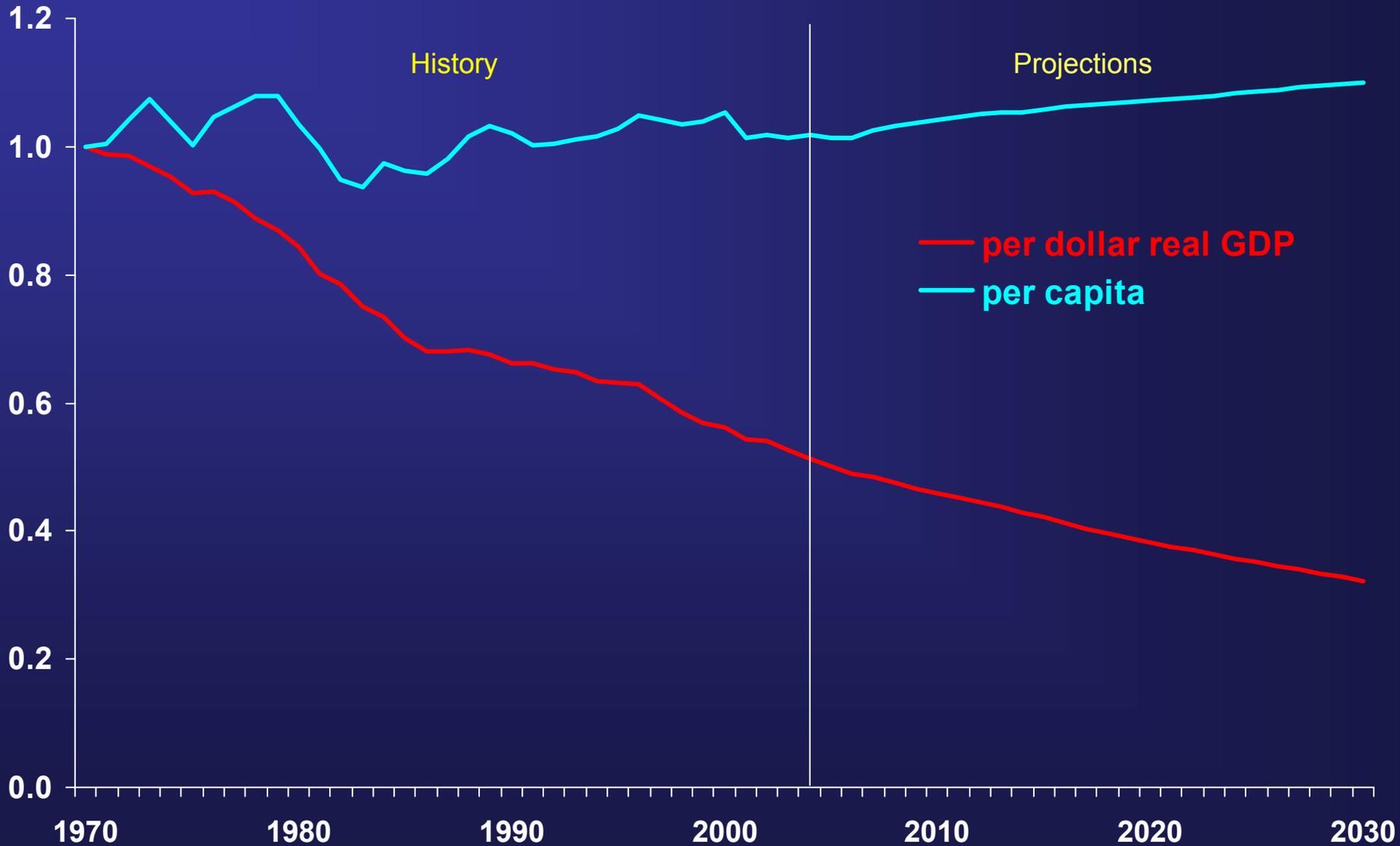
# World Oil Price, 1980-2030 (2004 dollars per barrel)



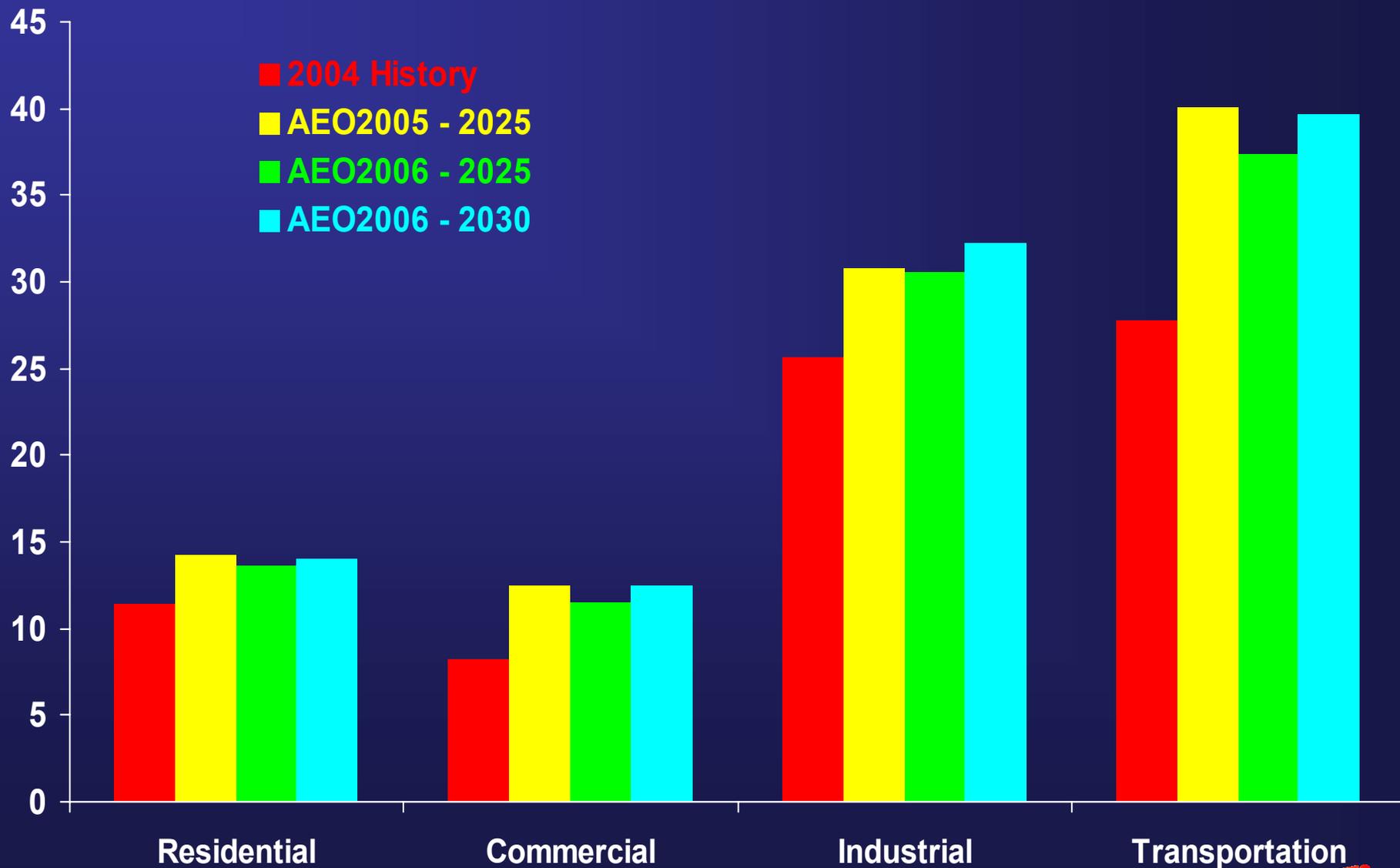
# U.S. Primary Energy Consumption by Fuel, 1960-2030 (quadrillion Btu)



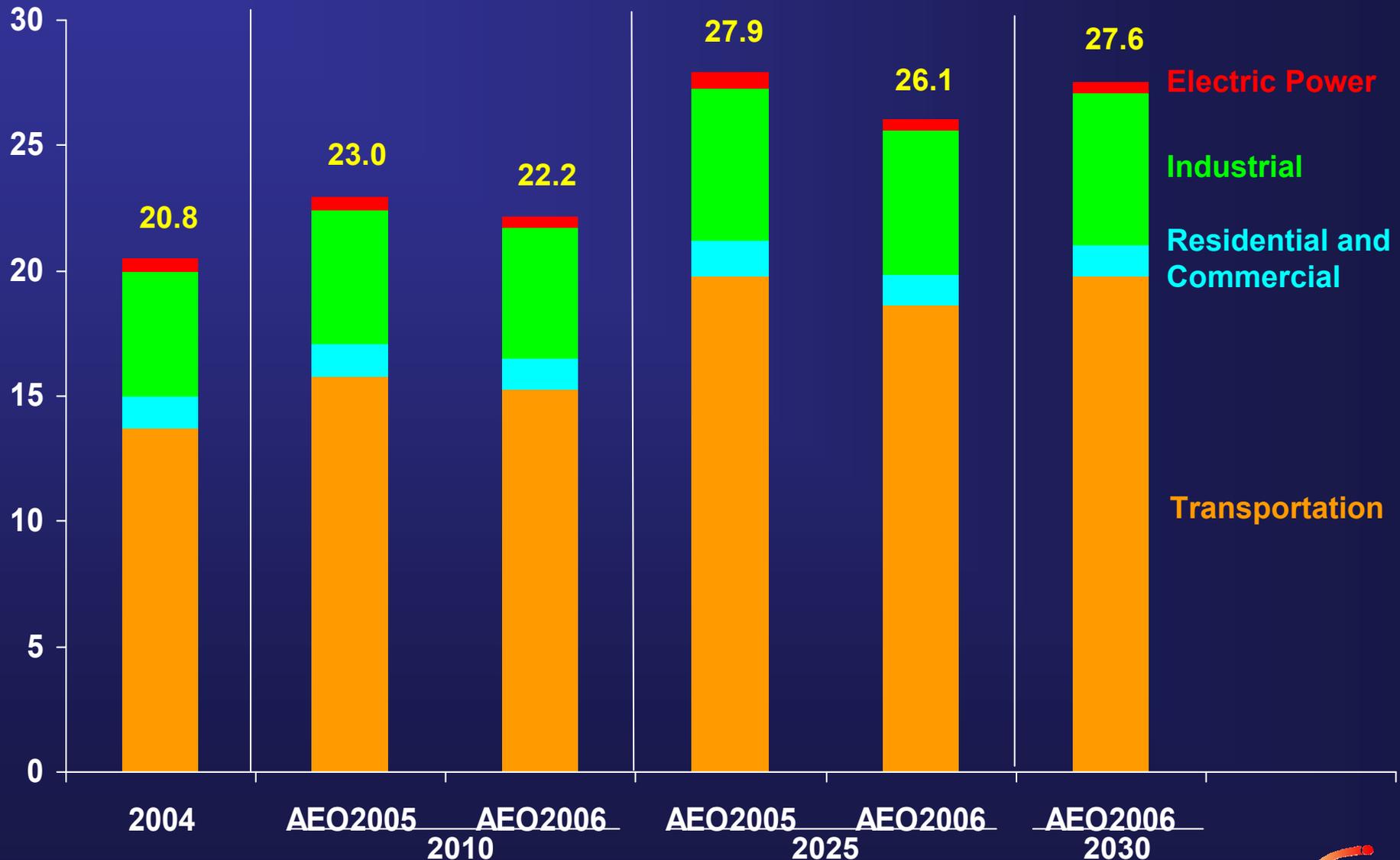
# U.S. Energy Use per Capita and per Dollar of Real Gross Domestic Product, 1970-2030 (index, 1970 = 1)



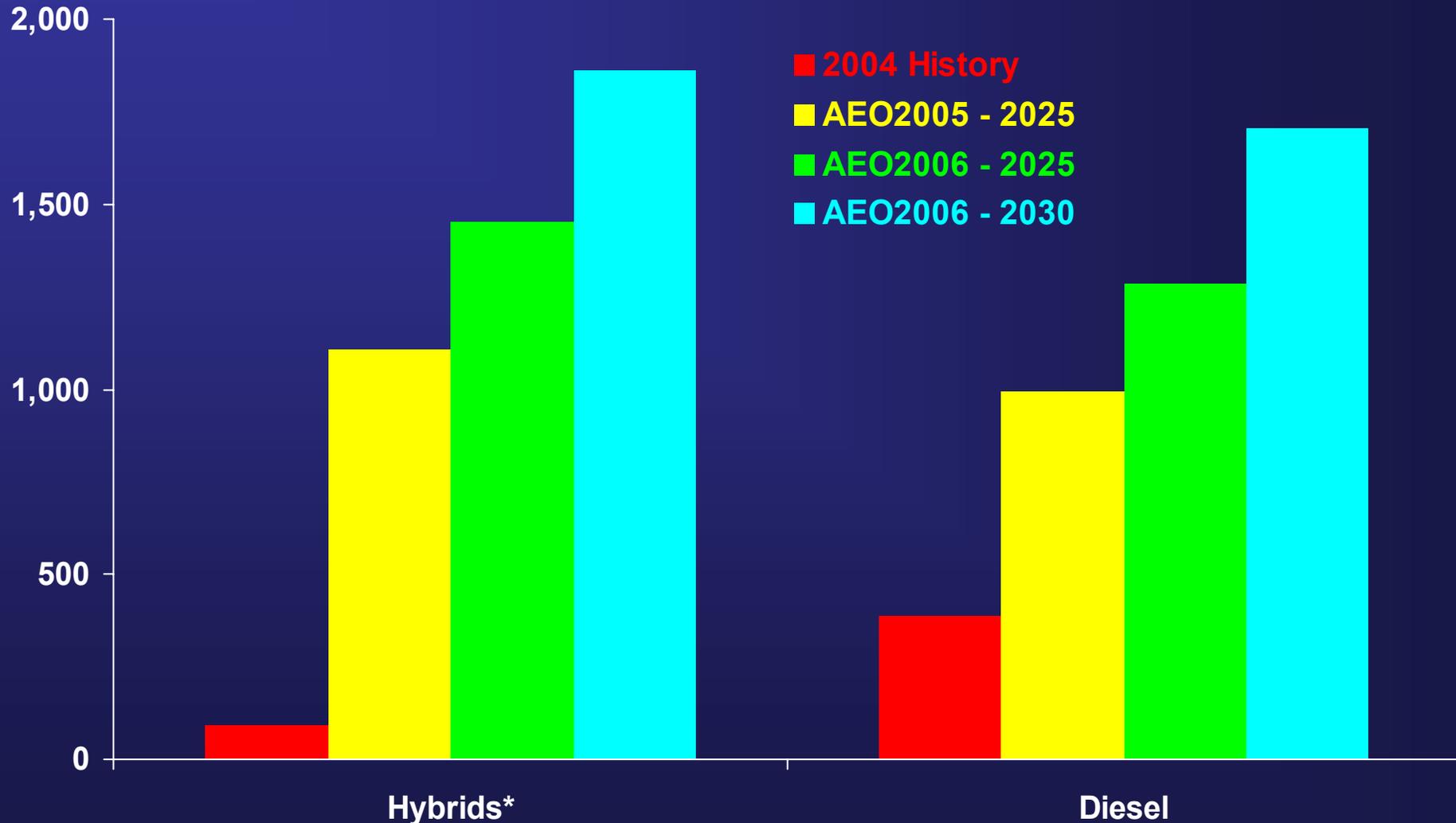
# U.S. Delivered Energy Consumption by Sector, 2004, 2025, and 2030 (quadrillion Btu)



# U.S. Petroleum Consumption by Sector, 2004, 2010, 2025, and 2030 (millions of barrels per day)



# U.S. Sales of Full Hybrid and Diesel Vehicles, 2004, 2025, and 2030 (thousand units)

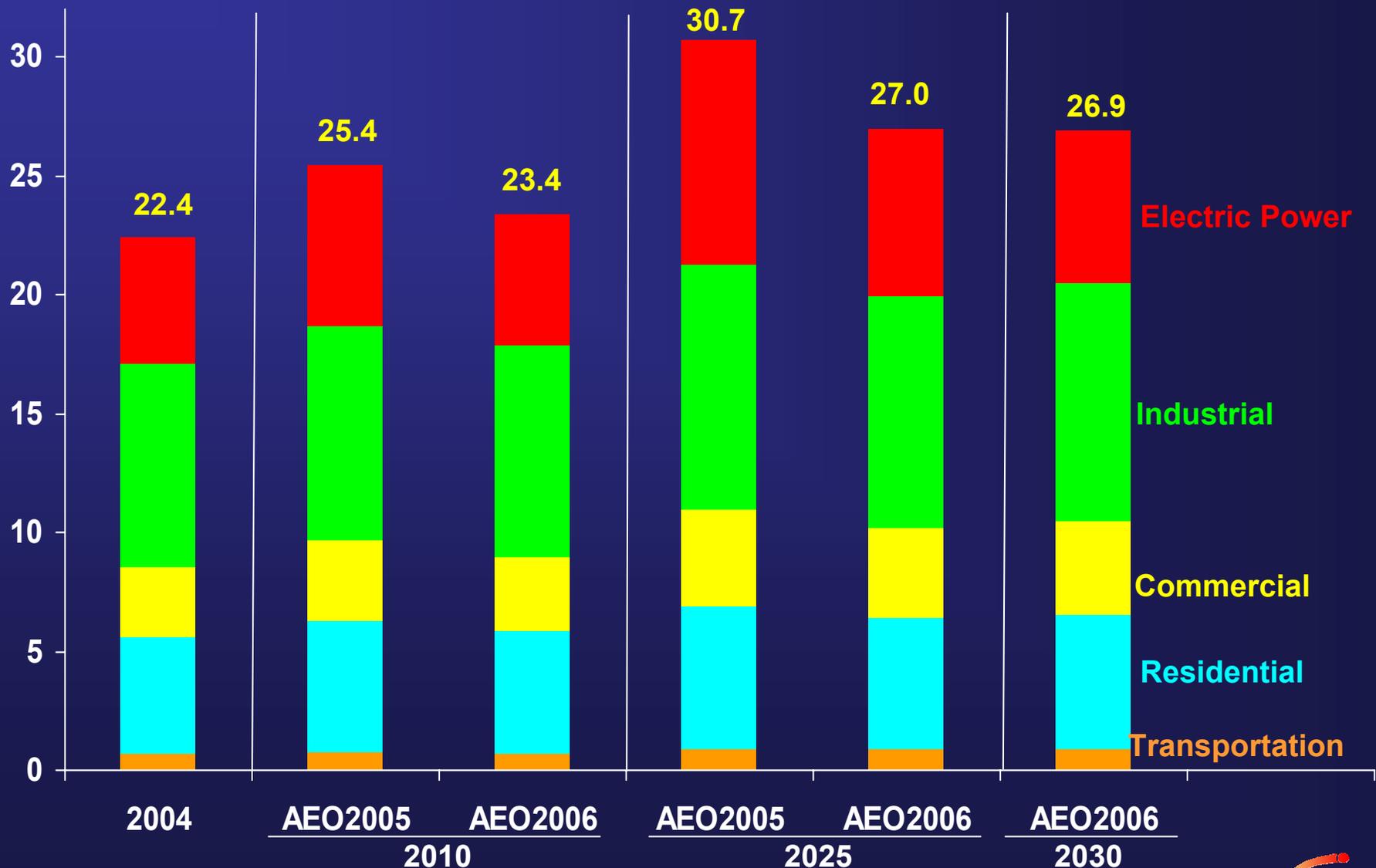


\*Only includes hybrids that provide tractive power to the vehicle.

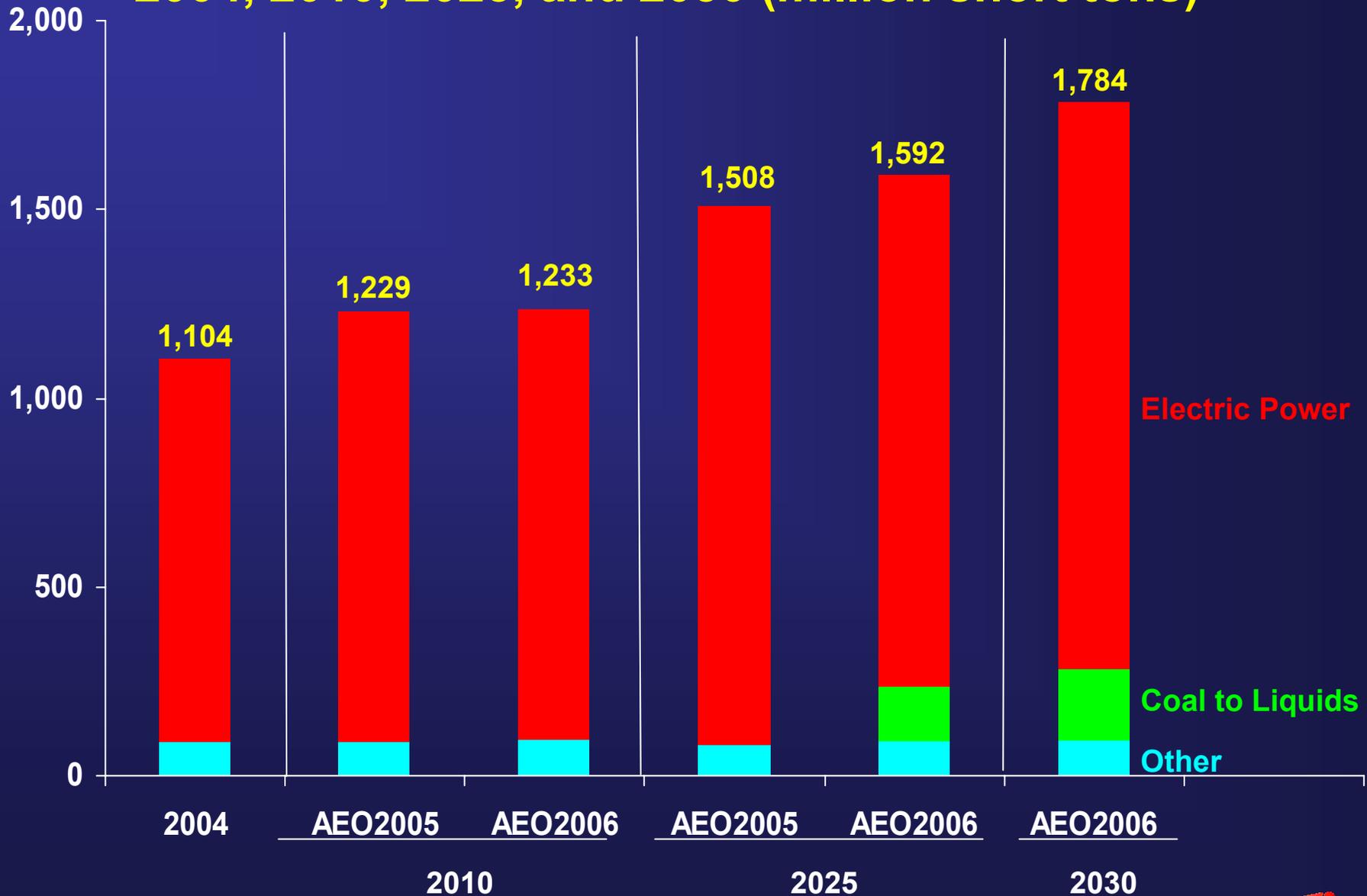
# U.S. Natural Gas Wellhead Price, 1970-2030 (2004 dollars per thousand cubic feet)



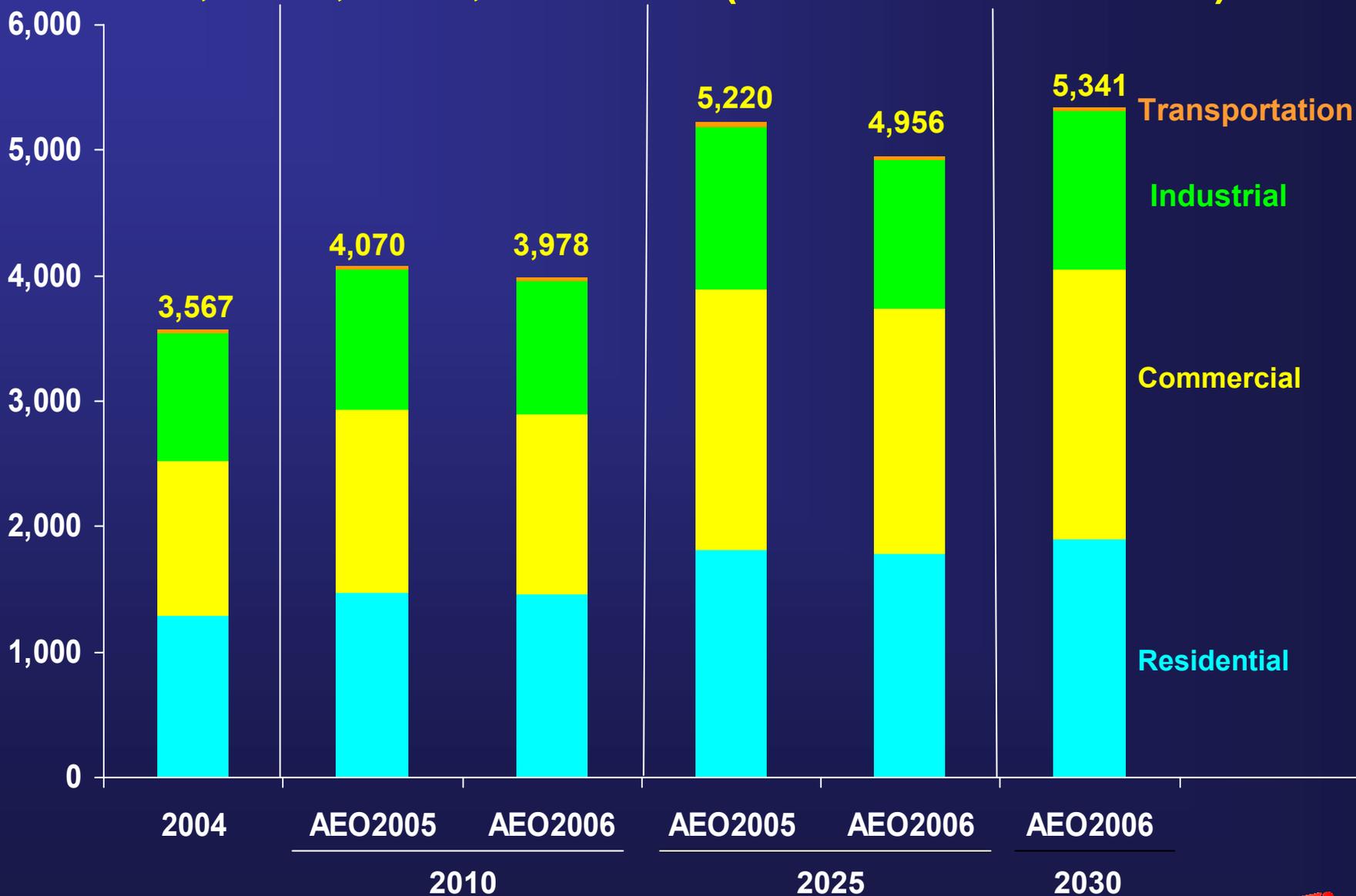
# U.S. Natural Gas Consumption by Sector, 2004, 2010, 2025, and 2030 (trillion cubic feet)



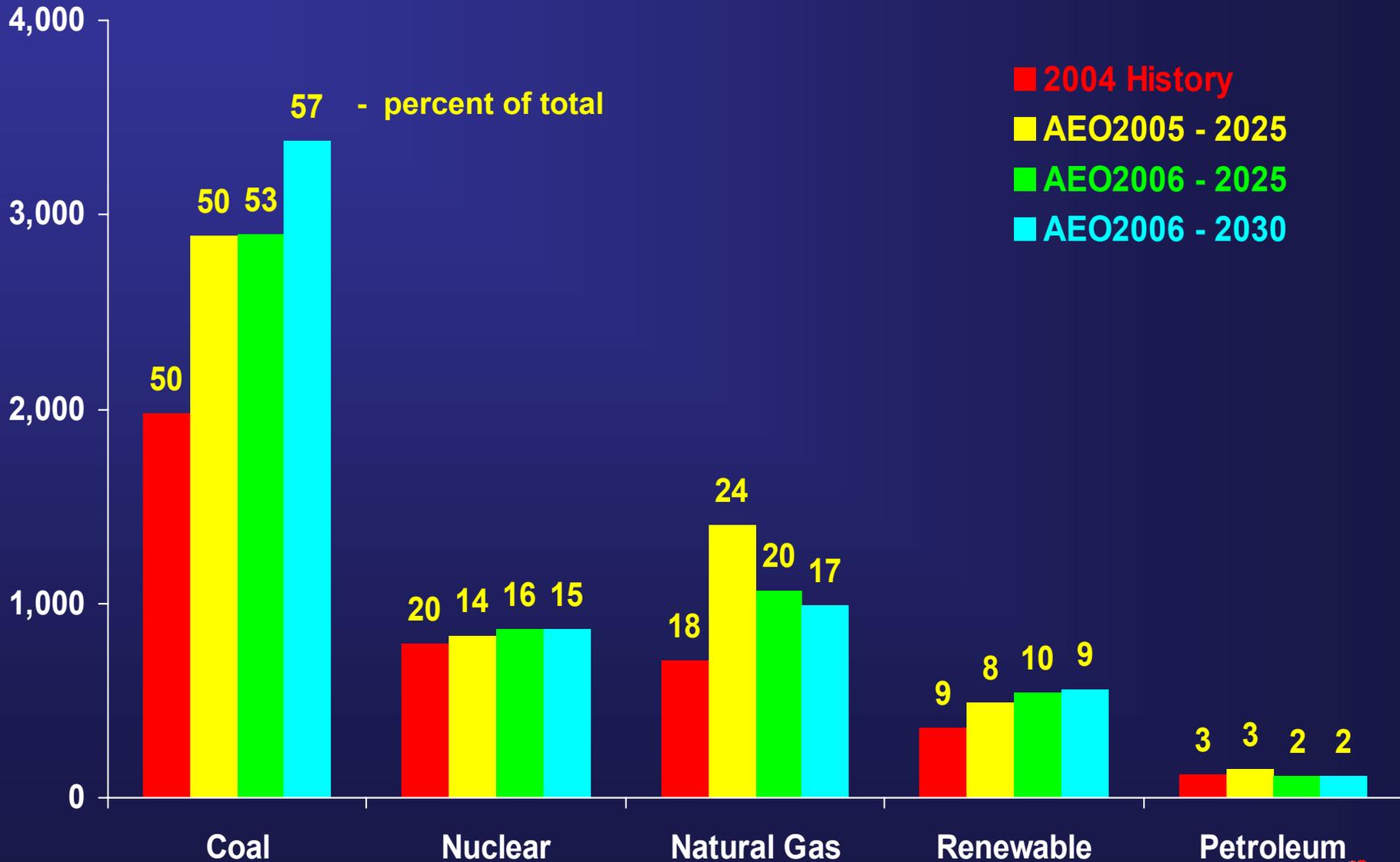
# U.S. Coal Consumption by Sector, 2004, 2010, 2025, and 2030 (million short tons)



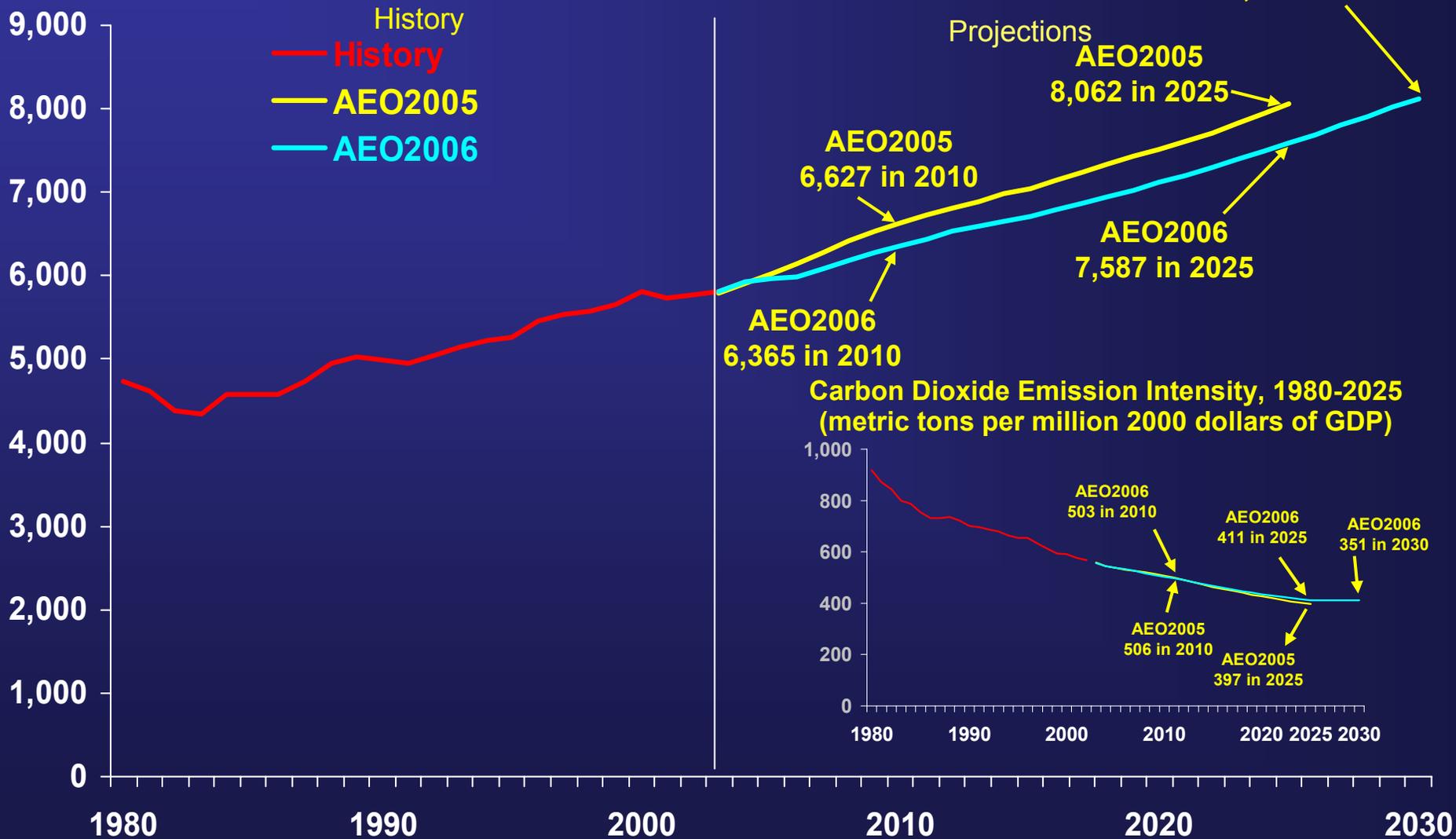
# U.S. Electricity Sales by Sector, 2004, 2010, 2025, and 2030 (billion kilowatthours)



# U.S. Electricity Generation by Fuel, 2004, 2025, and 2030 (billion kilowatthours)



# U.S. Energy-Related Carbon Dioxide Emissions, 1980-2030 (million metric tons)



## ***Annual Energy Outlook 2006* reference case indicates that through 2030....**

- U.S. energy demand is projected to grow at an average annual rate of 1.1 percent
- The energy efficiency of the economy is projected to increase at an average annual rate of 1.8 percent
- U.S. oil import reliance is projected to grow from 58 percent to 62 percent
- U.S. natural gas use is projected to peak around 2020
- Future growth in U.S. natural gas supplies depends on unconventional domestic production, natural gas from Alaska, and liquefied natural gas imports
- Carbon dioxide emissions are projected to grow at an average annual rate of 1.2 percent

## **Periodic Reports**

*Petroleum Status and Natural Gas Storage Reports, weekly*

*Short-Term Energy Outlook, monthly*

*Annual Energy Outlook 2006, December 2005, full report, February 2006*

*International Energy Outlook 2005, July 2005*

## **Examples of Special Analyses**

*Analysis of Oil and Gas Production in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge,  
March 2004*

*The Global Liquefied Natural Gas Market: Status and Outlook, Dec 2003*

*“Restricted Natural Gas Supply Case,” Annual Energy Outlook 2005*

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